## **Great Bear Rainforest Activity Plan**

# Inquiry:

## Why are spirit bears white?

Students hypothesize whether it is beneficial or not to be a white bear in the Great Bear Rainforest based on what they know about natural selection and selection pressures. After researching their position, students engage in a formal or informal class debate.

## Learning Objectives

#### Students will:

- Discuss and debate the reasons for pigmentation of white bears, based upon their own research and understanding of natural selection
- Construct a deep understanding of natural selection and selection pressure
- Formulate a hypothesis and present evidence to support it
- Communicate their ideas and listen to the ideas of others
- Reflect on their learning

## Preparing for the Activity Plan

 Review the concept of natural selection with the class by showing one or more of the following videos:

**Myths and Misconceptions About Evolution (Ted-Ed)** (4:22) <a href="https://youtu.be/mZt1Gn0R22Q">https://youtu.be/mZt1Gn0R22Q</a>

Natural Selection (Amoeba Sisters) (7:22) <a href="https://youtu.be/7VM9YxmULuo">https://youtu.be/7VM9YxmULuo</a>

Natural Selection (Crash Course Biology #14) (12:43) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aTftyFboC M

### **Materials**

- computer / projector
- student computers / tablets / devices
- access to Internet

#### **Blackline master**

Hypothesis Research

## **Background Information**

Spirit bears are an alternate **phenotype** (set of observable characteristics and products of behaviour) of the black bear. They are found only in British Columbia and parts of southern Alaska, despite the range of the black bear extending right across Canada and south into Mexico. The white bears are not albinos, they are **leucistic** (possessing reduced pigmentation) and are white as a result of a recessive gene. There is debate among the scientific community as to whether the white pigmentation could be a benefit, a disadvantage, or neither. Since there is no right answer, exploration of this question poses an opportunity for students to form their own opinion(s) and support their position(s) with research.

For additional bear-related lesson material, see the Great Bear Sea website:

Great Bear Sea > Elementary > Lesson 3: Collaborative Research – Case Study on Bears

http://greatbearsea.net/elementary-curriculum/lesson-3/

## Delivering the Activity Plan

### **Access Prior Knowledge**

- Have the class brainstorm examples of "selection pressures" (i.e., predators; availability of resources such as food, habitat, and mates; disease; natural disasters; temperature and weather). Write the list on the board.
- What kinds of pressures would bears experience?
- Have students think-pair-share what they know about spirit bears.
- Before starting research, have students do a "Four Corners" exercise on the cost/benefit of being a (white) spirit bear. Label each of the four corners of the room:
  - » It's a benefit to be a white bear.
  - » It's a cost to be a white bear.
  - » It has both costs and benefits.
  - » It has neither costs nor benefits.

Students move to one of the corners of the classroom and provide explanations for the corner they selected.

#### Inquire

- Have students form a hypothesis about whether it is beneficial to be a white bear in the Great Bear Rainforest based on what they know about natural selection and selection pressures.
- Using credible sources, have students conduct research to support their hypothesis. (Keywords for Web research may include: "spirit bear natural selection," "spirit bear selection pressures," "what makes a spirit bear white," etc.).
- Students come up with three to five points and provide the reference for each. (Have them cite the title of reference, author, source such as URL, magazine or book, and date retrieved.)

#### **Experience**

Have students present their hypotheses in either a formal or informal debate.
Students present the evidence they have to support their position and listen to the evidence of others that refute their position. Allow time for rebuttals.

#### **Explore**

- In a post-debate reflection, have students fill in the blackline master, "Hypothesis Research" stating their original hypothesis, their evidence points and sources, new information they gathered from listening to their classmates, and a summary reflection answering the following questions:
  - » Did you learn of more evidence that supported your hypothesis? If so, what?
  - » Did you learn of evidence that refuted your hypothesis? If so, what?
  - » Has your hypothesis changed? Why/why not?
- In addition, students could create an infographic stating their hypothesis and visually show the evidence to support it.

#### Assess

- How well did the student debate their hypothesis?
  - » Did the student's statements clearly support their position in the debate?
  - » Was the position well researched and documented?
  - » Were arguments presented with clarity?
  - » Were rebuttals specific to the opposing arguments compelling and expressed with clarity?
- Does the post-debate reflection demonstrate understanding, and did they gather new information from what they learned from their classmates?

#### Go Beyond

- Students could design a comic strip that follows the life of an organism that adapts to an environmental change over time to become highly fit. Have students include a narrative that explains their organism.
- The comic strip could illustrate:
  - » the organism's potential to increase in number
  - » adaptation through mutation and sexual reproduction
  - » how the organism became fit through competition for limited resources
- Use the letter to Francis Kermode, Director of the BC Museum in 1924, from the New York Zoological Society as a jumping off point to discuss:
  - » the history and future of zoos
  - » taking historical perspective (you may wish to show students the TC² video:

https://tc2.ca/uploads/critical-thinking-files/videos/take2historicalPerspective.html

After reading the letter, encourage students to make inferences about the author of the letter, as well as tone, mood, location, etc. Have students study, examine, describe, analyze, and reflect on the letter.

## **Hypothesis Research**

Student:
What was your original hypothesis?
What sources did you use in your research?
Include title of reference; author; source such as URL, magazine, or book; and date retrieved.
1)
2)
3)
What new information did you gather from your classmates?
Did you learn of more evidence that supported your hypothesis? If so, what?

Did you learn of evidence that refuted your hypothesis? If so, what?
Has your hypothesis changed? Why/why not?

#### Hew York Zoological Park

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF THE

#### NEW YORK ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY

185th STREET & SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, NEW YORK CITY

WILLIAM T. HORNADAY, Sc. D., Director

September 4, 1924

Mr. Francis Kermode, Director, Provincial Museum, Victoria, B. G.

Dear Mr. Kermode:

I am exceedingly interested by your letter of August 29 regarding the Kermode white bear that is now in your custody. The cub has been offered to us by its owner and we have purchased it, provided a permit can be secured for its exportation to the United States.

Needless to say, we are exceedingly anxious to procure it. The specific status of your bear has been openly flouted here in the East, and the American Museum of Natural History has the temerity to show a group of "Color Phases of the Black Bear" in which there appears an <u>Ursus kermodei</u>. This discredits both the bear and me, and I have a horrible fear that the flouting of both of us has been done with some malice aforethought.

Now, once in the past I was openly accused of crediting the Alaskan brown bear group with a range entirely too far north, and a demand was made that I should change my map. Before I had time to act in the matter, a merciful interposition of divine Providence brought to the Park a very fine Alaskan brown bear from nearly 500 miles north of my disputed northern boundary. When that bear was put on exhibition with a descriptive label showing its locality, the case for the prosecution crumbled to dust and has never been heard of since.

Now, for heaven's sake, help us to get a permit for the exportation of this Kermode bear and have the animal shipped on to us in order that I may score another knockout like the one I have just described. If we don't get that cub I will perish of disappointment. If we do get it, you and I and the bear can crow over our detractors Remember that I am fighting your battle for the supremacy of this species that has been named in your honor:

Of course you will remember that Dr.Merriam pronounced your specimens albinos. I have stoutly resisted that theory and have put a picture of your group into the four-volume edition of my "American Natural History", published in 1914, as a notice that we have nailed our colors to the mast. Now, as you have noticed, nobody ever saw an albino with black or brown eyes, and if we get that bear, believe me, the great American public will soon come to the opinion that its white color is not due to albinism.

We have sent on a formal application to The Chairman of the Game Conservation Board, Vancouver, B. C., for a permit to export the animal but as yet we have no reply. I presume that by this time you know all about this. We were informed that the animal

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was in the zoo at Vancouver but I am very glad to learn that it is at Victoria.

Of course the people of Victoria will be interested in keeping the bear in that city, but let me point out to you the fact that here it will be seen by 2,500,000 people each year; that a great fuss will be made about it in the newspapers, and the animal, its species, and British Columbia as a whole, will get a great amount of free advertising. All this should be regarded as compensation for giving up the animal to us.

We have stipulated that in case a permit is granted for the exportation of the animal, it is to be delivered to the owner's agent in Seattle, who will place it in the hands of the American Railway Express Company for shipment to New York. I beg of you to use your good offices in the securing of a permit.

Faithfully yours,

Director